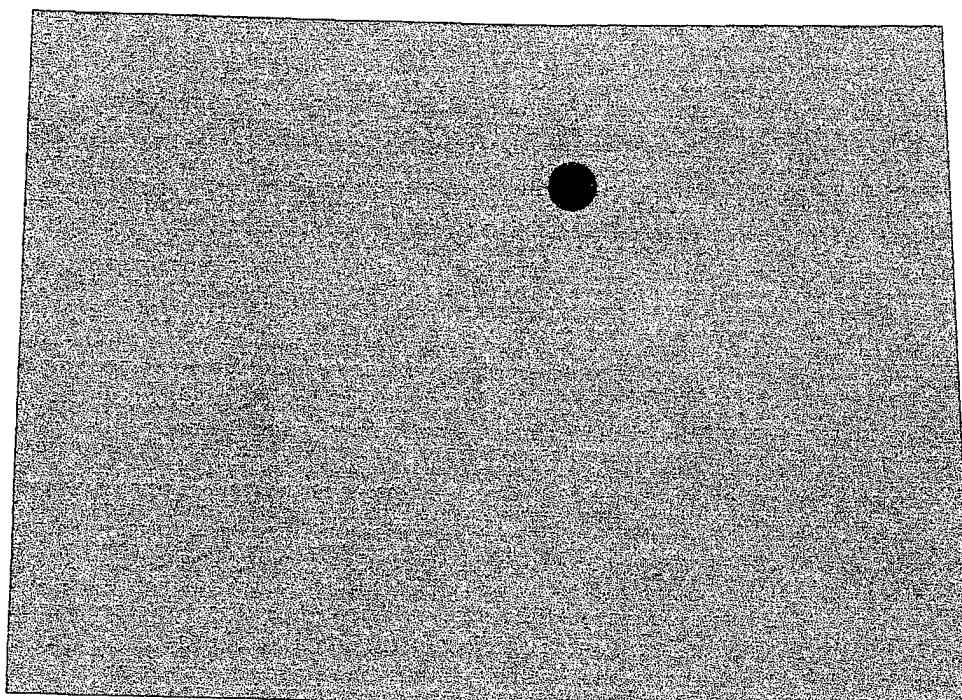


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COLLECTIONS SUMMARY FOR FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER, COLORADO

**U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project,
Technical Report No. 44**



**Prepared for the
U.S. Army Environmental Center,
Environmental Compliance Division**

**by the
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
St. Louis District,
*Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management
of Archaeological Collections***

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**AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS SUMMARY
FOR
FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER, COLORADO**

**Information Provided for Compliance with the
Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act
Section 6 Summary**

**Prepared for the
U.S. Army Environmental Center,
Environmental Compliance Division
Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland**

**By
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
St. Louis District,
Mandatory Center of Expertise for the
Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections,
U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project,
Technical Report No. 44**

November 1995

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OBJECTIVES AND METHODS

The U.S. Army Environmental Center (AEC) tasked the Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (MCX) with the job of assisting Army installation personnel in complying with the requirements of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (P.L. 101-601, NAGPRA). The MCX was asked to locate and assess archaeological collections derived from Army-owned lands, to identify the federally recognized Native American tribes most likely culturally affiliated with the collections, to draft Section 6 Summary letters for each installation, and to conduct physical inventories of any collections that contain human skeletal remains. This report conveys the results of the collections research completed to assist Fitzsimons Army Medical Center in complying with the Section 6 Summary requirements of NAGPRA.

The MCX used a two-stage process to identify, locate, and assess the contents of archaeological collections from the installation. First, archival research was performed to review all archaeological site records and reports for the installation. Second, telephone interviews were conducted with personnel at installations, universities, museums, and archaeological contractors that were identified during the archival research as possible repositories of Army collections. The MCX did not physically verify the existence of collections and, as such, the information contained in this report is based on background record reviews and information obtained via telephone interviews with the aforementioned installation personnel and institution professionals.

Archival research for Fitzsimons Army Medical Center began with a search of the National Archeological Data Base (NADB) for references pertaining to the installation. This was followed by a thorough examination of all archaeological site forms and a literature review of all pertinent archaeological reports and manuscripts on file at the Colorado State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) in Denver, Colorado. The records search was performed at the SHPO in May 1995 and sought to identify any work on the installation that may have produced archaeological collections.

Subsequent telephone interviews to potential collections repositories ascertained whether the materials were present and the range of objects in each collection. Once the collections were located and assessed, MCX personnel identified federally recognized Native American tribes that are likely to be culturally affiliated with the materials in the collections. Draft Section 6 Summary letters are enclosed for each of these tribes (Appendix I), as well as a listing of the current tribal chairperson (Appendix II).

RESEARCH RESULTS

ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS AT FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER

Archaeological work on Fitzsimons Army Medical Center is fairly scant in nature and can only be traced back to 1980. The first work conducted on the installation involved the identification of an historic irrigation canal. This was followed by the identification of an historic railroad road bed. Neither of these projects resulted in artifact collections.

In 1990, Powers Elevation, Aurora, Colorado, performed systematic surveys and examination and documentation of the many historic structures on the medical center property. These investigations resulted in the collection of two artifacts: a prehistoric stone tool fragment and a historic period Euro-American button. In a telephone conversation on 8 May 1995, Mr. Ken Neeper, the medical center's cultural resources manager, reported no artifacts are currently stored on the property.

SUMMARY OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS

Less than 1 ft³ of boxed archaeological materials and associated documentation has been identified for Fitzsimons Army Medical Center. As of the date of this report, they are located in the following repositories:

Henderson Museum, University of Colorado, Boulder	2 artifacts
Powers Elevation, Aurora, Colorado	1 file folder (documents)

The attached *Summary of Current Locations of Archaeological Collections from Fitzsimons Army Medical Center* (Appendix III) provides more detailed information about each collection derived as a result of archaeological investigations at the installation. A collection consists of all of the materials, artifacts and associated documentation (e.g., field notes, maps, photos, data analyses, correspondence), produced as a result of an archaeological investigation or project at a single site or multiple sites. In some cases, the same archaeological site may have been investigated by various individuals or organizations. Depending on where the resulting collections are curated, they may be stored and identified as separate collections or separate components of a single collection. In cases where the artifacts and records have become separated, we list the records collections repository as well. Every attempt has been made to locate all collections cited on available archaeological site records or in published and unpublished references to archaeological investigations on the installation.

NAGPRA-Related Items

The MCX could not identify any materials in the collections from Fitzsimons Army Medical Center which would fall under NAGPRA. The final determination of any funerary objects, sacred objects or objects of cultural patrimony among the Fitzsimons Army Medical Center collections may be established upon further consultation with culturally affiliated Native American tribes according to the definitions and restrictions specified in NAGPRA.

REFERENCES TO ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS

Appendix IV contains the list of references reviewed by the MCX during its archival research. No references are currently listed for Fitzsimons Army Medical Center on the National Archeological Data Base (NADB).

NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBES ASSOCIATED WITH FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER

Fitzsimons Army Medical Center is located in northeast Colorado, approximately ten miles southeast of Denver. The aboriginal occupation of the area is clearly defined only for the relatively recent historic period. Historic accounts of Native Americans in the area of the medical center coincided with a large migration of tribes from the northern to the southern Great Plains. As a consequence, several tribes were reported in the general area now occupied by the medical center.

The tribes most often noted by early travelers in Colorado are the Arapaho and Cheyenne. Both tribes were originally occupants of the Great Lakes region. However, with the introduction of the horse, they migrated south and west into the Central Plains and eastern Colorado. In 1811, a group of hunters/traders dispatched by Manuel Lisa noted the presence of Arapahos in the headwaters region of the Platte and Arkansas Rivers. The 1814 map derived from the Lewis and Clark expedition locates the Arapaho along the banks of the Platte River east of the Denver area (Gunnerson and Gunnerson 1988:12). The Fort Laramie Treaty of 1851 designates the area as the territory of the Cheyenne and Arapaho (Gunnerson and Gunnerson 1988:39). And, the 1978 Indian Land Claims map indicates Fitzsimons Army Medical Center lies within the lands adjudicated jointly to the Northern Cheyenne, the Northern Arapaho, and the Cheyenne and Arapaho (U.S.G.S. n.d.).

The Kiowa were originally noted in the Black Hills region in 1790. However, in 1804, Lewis and Clark noted the presence of Kiowa in the headwaters regions of the Arkansas and Platte Rivers (Gunnerson and Gunnerson 1988:11). Wissler (1966:245) states that the Kiowa shifted their occupation to the area between Denver, Colorado and Amarillo, Texas during the

18th century, an area which encompasses the lands presently occupied by Fitzsimons Army Medical Center. And, an 1814 map derived from the Lewis and Clark expedition indicates that the Kiowa occupied a territory from north of the Platte River, south halfway to the Arkansas and east of the Rocky Mountains (Gunnerson and Gunnerson 1988:12). The Kiowa were joined by a band of Apachean speakers, referred to as Kiowa Apaches, in 1819 (Gunnerson and Gunnerson 1988:11). By the mid-1800s, the range of the Kiowa and Kiowa Apaches was centered south of the Arkansas River (Gunnerson and Gunnerson 1988:15). Based upon the chronology suggested by these historic records, archaeological sites in this area which date between 1800 and 1850 may be attributable to the Kiowa and Kiowa Apache.

There are several other tribes whose presence has also been noted in the region of the medical center. From the 1500s to about 1730, the area was used as hunting territory by the Paloma and Cuartelejo Apache until they were forced out by the Comanches (and possibly Shoshones) (Gunnerson 1987:132). In 1775, the Comanche were reported in the area of the installation (Gunnerson and Gunnerson 1988:30-31). The Blackfeet, although primarily occupying lands to the north of Colorado, ventured into the area and even as far south as Mexico. In 1842, Rufus Sage reported a group of Blackfeet encamped with Arapahos near what is now Denver and an even larger group 15 miles farther south (Gunnerson and Gunnerson 1988:45). The Ute and Comanche tribes occupied areas of southern Colorado and may have ventured into the area of the installation. However, they were primarily noted south of the Arkansas River and their presence near the installation would be transitory (Gunnerson and Gunnerson 1988:27-34). The Shoshone, from whom the Comanche split about 1700, were also reported in Colorado in the company of other tribes in the 1800s (Gunnerson and Gunnerson 1988:35)

The current federally recognized tribal entities representing the tribes with adjudicated lands that include Fitzsimons Army Medical Center are: the Northern Cheyenne, Northern Arapahoe, the Cheyenne-Arapaho, and the Kiowa Tribe of Oklahoma (Wissler 1966:64-65). Federally recognized tribes for the peoples who may also have occupied portions of the area sporadically are: the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation, the Blackfeet, the Comanche, the Jicarilla Apache (the Paloma and Cuartelejo bands) (Tiller 1983), and the Shoshone.

SECTION 6 COMPLIANCE

P.L. 101-601 (NAGPRA) requires that federal agencies engage in active consultation with Native Americans and with federally recognized tribes and/or lineal descendants who may be culturally affiliated with the archaeological collections from the installation. All tribes previously mentioned as being aboriginally in geographic proximity to the medical center are federally recognized. Enclosed are draft NAGPRA Section 6 Summary letters (Appendix I) and a list of the tribal chairpersons from the federally recognized tribes which may be culturally affiliated with the collections (Appendix II).

Initial consultation should be conducted on a government-to-government basis. Refer to P.L. 101-601 (NAGPRA) for specifics on required Native American consultation and the legal definitions of items subject to NAGPRA.

REFERENCES CITED

Gunnerson, James H.

- 1987 Archaeology of the High Plains. *Bureau of Land Management, Cultural Resource Series* No. 19. Bureau of Land Management, Denver, Colorado.

Gunnerson, James H. and Dolores A. Gunnerson

- 1988 Ethnohistory of the High Plains. *Bureau of Land Management, Cultural Resource Series* No. 26. Bureau of Land Management, Denver, Colorado

Tiller, Veronica

- 1983 Jicarilla Apache. In Southwest, edited by Alfonso Ortiz, pp. 440-461. *Handbook of North American Indians*, Volume 10, William C. Sturtevant, general editor. Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C.

U.S.G.S.

- n.d. *Indian Lands Judicially Established 1978*. Map prepared by the United States Geological Survey for the Indian Claims Commission.

Wissler, Clark

- 1966 *Indians of the United States*. Doubleday and Company, Inc. Garden City, New York

APPENDIX I

DRAFT SECTION 6 SUMMARY LETTERS FOR FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER, COLORADO

[Installation Header]

Mr. Llevando Fisher, President
Northern Cheyenne Tribal Council
P.O. Box 128
Lame Deer, Montana 59043

Dear Mr. Fisher:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fitzsimons Army Medical Center that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Northern Cheyenne. Fitzsimons Army Medical Center has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fitzsimons Army Medical Center is responsible for collections that include less than 1 cubic foot of artifacts and less than 1 linear foot of documents housed at two known repositories:

Henderson Museum, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado
Powers Elevation, Inc., Aurora, Colorado

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys conducted during the 1980s. The collections consist of a prehistoric stone tool fragment and an historic Euro-American button. Also included in the collection are all associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence.

We are notifying the Northern Cheyenne because some of these materials were found in, or around, the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by this group. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [phone number].

To facilitate discussions between Fitzsimons Army Medical Center and the Northern Cheyenne on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: MEDCOM Commander, U.S. Army Medical Command
 ATTN:MCFA-E (Mr. Gilberto Gonzalez)
 2050 Worth Road
 Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center
 ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
 Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
 ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
 1222 Spruce Street
 St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

[Installation Header]

Mr. Harvey Spoonwater Sr., Chairman
Arapahoe Business Council
P.O. Box 396
Fort Washakie, Wyoming 82514

Dear Mr. Spoonwater:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fitzsimons Army Medical Center that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Arapahoe. Fitzsimons Army Medical Center has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fitzsimons Army Medical Center is responsible for collections that include less than 1 cubic foot of artifacts and less than 1 linear foot of documents housed at two known repositories:

Henderson Museum, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado
Powers Elevation, Inc., Aurora, Colorado

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys conducted during the 1980s. The collections consist of a prehistoric stone tool fragment and an historic Euro-American button. Also included in the collection are all associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence.

We are notifying the Arapahoe because some of these materials were found in, or around, the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by this group. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [phone number].

To facilitate discussions between Fitzsimons Army Medical Center and the Arapahoe on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF:	MEDCOM	Commander, U.S. Army Medical Command ATTN:MCFA-E (Mr. Gilberto Gonzalez) 2050 Worth Road Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000
	USAEC	Commander, US Army Environmental Center ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf) Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401
	MCX	Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble) 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

[Installation Header]

Ms. Viola Hatch, Chairperson
Cheyenne-Arapaho Business Committee
P.O. Box 38
Concho, Oklahoma 73022

Dear Ms. Hatch:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fitzsimons Army Medical Center that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Cheyenne or Arapaho. Fitzsimons Army Medical Center has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fitzsimons Army Medical Center is responsible for collections that include less than 1 cubic foot of artifacts and less than 1 linear foot of documents housed at two known repositories:

Henderson Museum, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado
Powers Elevation, Inc., Aurora, Colorado

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys conducted during the 1980s. The collections consist of a prehistoric stone tool fragment and an historic Euro-American button. Also included in the collection are all associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence.

We are notifying the Cheyenne and Arapaho because some of these materials were found in, or around, the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by this group. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [phone number].

To facilitate discussions between Fitzsimons Army Medical Center and the Cheyenne and Arapaho on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF:	MEDCOM	Commander, U.S. Army Medical Command ATTN:MCFA-E (Mr. Gilberto Gonzalez) 2050 Worth Road Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000
	USAEC	Commander, US Army Environmental Center ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf) Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401
	MCX	Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble) 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

[Installation Header]

Mr. Lawrence Edge
Cultural and Historical Liaison
Kiowa Tribe of Oklahoma
P.O. Box 369
Carnegie, Oklahoma 73015

Dear Mr. Edge:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fitzsimons Army Medical Center that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Kiowa Tribe. Fitzsimons Army Medical Center has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fitzsimons Army Medical Center is responsible for collections that include less than 1 cubic foot of artifacts and less than 1 linear foot of documents housed at two known repositories:

Henderson Museum, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado
Powers Elevation, Inc., Aurora, Colorado

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys conducted during the 1980s. The collections consist of a prehistoric stone tool fragment and an historic Euro-American button. Also included in the collection are all associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence.

We are notifying the Kiowa Tribe of Oklahoma because some of these materials were found in, or around, the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by this group. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [phone number].

To facilitate discussions between Fitzsimons Army Medical Center and the Kiowa Tribe on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: MEDCOM Commander, U.S. Army Medical Command
ATTN:MCFA-E (Mr. Gilberto Gonzalez)
2050 Worth Road
Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center
ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
1222 Spruce Street
St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

[Installation Header]

Mr. Leonard Atole, President
Jicarilla Apache Tribe
P.O. Box 507
Dulce, NM 87528

Dear Mr. Atole:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fitzsimons Army Medical Center that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with members of the Jicarilla Apache Tribe. Fitzsimons Army Medical Center has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fitzsimons Army Medical Center is responsible for collections that include less than 1 cubic foot of artifacts and less than 1 linear foot of documents housed at two known repositories:

Henderson Museum, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado
Powers Elevation, Inc., Aurora, Colorado

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys conducted during the 1980s. The collections consist of a prehistoric stone tool fragment and an historic Euro-American button. Also included in the collection are all associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence.

We are notifying the Jicarilla Apache Tribe because some of these materials were found in, or around, the area thought to be part of the territory used aboriginally by this group. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [phone number].

To facilitate discussions between Fitzsimons Army Medical Center and the Jicarilla Apache Tribe on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: MEDCOM Commander, U.S. Army Medical Command
ATTN:MCFA-E (Mr. Gilberto Gonzalez)
2050 Worth Road
Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center
ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
1222 Spruce Street
St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

[Installation Header]

Mr. Earl Old Person, Chairman
Blackfeet Tribal Business Council
P.O. Box 850
Browning, MT 59417

Dear Mr. Old Person:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fitzsimons Army Medical Center that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Blackfeet Tribe. Fitzsimons Army Medical Center has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fitzsimons Army Medical Center is responsible for collections that include less than 1 cubic foot of artifacts and less than 1 linear foot of documents housed at two known repositories:

Henderson Museum, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado
Powers Elevation, Inc., Aurora, Colorado

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys conducted during the 1980s. The collections consist of a prehistoric stone tool fragment and an historic Euro-American button. Also included in the collection are all associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence.

We are notifying the Blackfeet Tribe because some of these materials were found in, or around, the area thought to be part of the territory used historically by this group. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [phone number].

To facilitate discussions between Fitzsimons Army Medical Center and the Blackfeet Tribe on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF:	MEDCOM	Commander, U.S. Army Medical Command ATTN:MCFA-E (Mr. Gilberto Gonzalez) 2050 Worth Road Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000
	USAEC	Commander, US Army Environmental Center ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf) Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401
	MCX	Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble) 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

[Installation Header]

Mr. Wallace Coffey, Chairman
Comanche Tribal Business Committee
HC 32 Box 1720
Lawton, Oklahoma 73502

Dear Mr. Edge:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fitzsimons Army Medical Center that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Comanche Tribe. Fitzsimons Army Medical Center has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fitzsimons Army Medical Center is responsible for collections that include less than 1 cubic foot of artifacts and less than 1 linear foot of documents housed at two known repositories:

Henderson Museum, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado
Powers Elevation, Inc., Aurora, Colorado

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys conducted during the 1980s. The collections consist of a prehistoric stone tool fragment and an historic Euro-American button. Also included in the collection are all associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence.

We are notifying the Comanche Tribe because some of these materials were found in, or around, the area thought to be part of the territory used historically by this group. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [phone number].

To facilitate discussions between Fitzsimons Army Medical Center and the Comanche Tribe on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF:	MEDCOM	Commander, U.S. Army Medical Command ATTN:MCFA-E (Mr. Gilberto Gonzalez) 2050 Worth Road Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000
	USAEC	Commander, US Army Environmental Center ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf) Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401
	MCX	Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble) 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

[Installation Header]

Mr. Alfred Ward, Chairman
Shoshone Business Council
P.O. Box 217
Fort Washakie, Wyoming 82514

Dear Mr. Ward:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fitzsimons Army Medical Center that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Shoshone. Fitzsimons Army Medical Center has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fitzsimons Army Medical Center is responsible for collections that include less than 1 cubic foot of artifacts and less than 1 linear foot of documents housed at two known repositories:

Henderson Museum, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado
Powers Elevation, Inc., Aurora, Colorado

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys conducted during the 1980s. The collections consist of a prehistoric stone tool fragment and an historic Euro-American button. Also included in the collection are all associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence.

We are notifying the Shoshone because some of these materials were found in, or around, the area thought to be part of the territory used historically by this group. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [phone number].

To facilitate discussions between Fitzsimons Army Medical Center and the Shoshone on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF:	MEDCOM	Commander, U.S. Army Medical Command ATTN:MCFA-E (Mr. Gilberto Gonzalez) 2050 Worth Road Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000
	USAEC	Commander, US Army Environmental Center ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf) Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401
	MCX	Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble) 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

[Installation Header]

Mr. Stewart Pike, Chairman
Uintah and Ouray Tribal Business Committee
P.O. Box 190
Fort Duchesne, UT 84026

Dear Mr. Pike:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fitzsimons Army Medical Center that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Ute Tribe. Fitzsimons Army Medical Center has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fitzsimons Army Medical Center is responsible for collections that include less than 1 cubic foot of artifacts and less than 1 linear foot of documents housed at two known repositories:

Henderson Museum, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado
Powers Elevation, Inc., Aurora, Colorado

These archaeological collections were generated from surveys conducted during the 1980s. The collections consist of a prehistoric stone tool fragment and an historic Euro-American button. Also included in the collection are all associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence.

We are notifying the Ute Tribe because some of these materials were found in, or around, the area thought to be part of the territory used historically by this group. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

Please feel free to contact [installation POC] regarding any of these issues, at [phone number].

To facilitate discussions between Fitzsimons Army Medical Center and the Ute Tribe on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF:	MEDCOM	Commander, U.S. Army Medical Command ATTN:MCFA-E (Mr. Gilberto Gonzalez) 2050 Worth Road Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000
	USAEC	Commander, US Army Environmental Center ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf) Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401
	MCX	Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble) 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis, MO 63103-2833

APPENDIX II

NATIVE AMERICAN POINTS OF CONTACT FOR FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER, COLORADO

FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED TRIBES WITH ADJUDICATED LANDS THAT INCLUDE FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER:

Arapahoe:

Mr. Harvey Spoonwater Sr., Chairman
Arapahoe Business Council
P.O. Box 396
Fort Washakie, Wyoming 82514
(307) 332-6120
(307) 332-7543 FAX

Cheyenne:

Mr. Llevando Fisher, President
Northern Cheyenne Tribal Council
P.O. Box 128
Lame Deer, Montana 59043
(406) 477-8284
(406) 477-6210 FAX

Cheyenne-Arapaho:

Ms. Viola Hatch, Chairperson
Cheyenne-Arapaho Business Committee
P.O. Box 38
Concho, Oklahoma 73022
(405) 262-0345
(405) 262-0745 FAX

Kiowa:

Mr. Lawrence Edge, Cultural and Historical Liaison
Kiowa Tribe of Oklahoma
P.O. Box 369
Carnegie, Oklahoma 73015
(405) 654-2300
(405) 654-2188 FAX

**FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED TRIBES THAT MAY ALSO HAVE OCCUPIED
PORTIONS OF THE AREA NEAR FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER:**

Apache:

Mr. Leonard Atole, President
Jicarilla Apache Tribe
P.O. Box 507
Dulce, NM 87528
(505) 759-3242
(505) 759-3005 FAX

Blackfeet:

Mr. Earl Old Person, Chairman
Blackfeet Tribal Business Council
P.O. Box 850
Browning, MT 59417
(406) 338-7276
(406) 338-7530 FAX

Comanche:

Mr. Wallace Coffey, Chairman
Comanche Tribal Business Committee
HC 32 Box 1720
Lawton, Oklahoma 73502
(405) 492-4988
(405) 492-4981 FAX

Shoshone:

Mr. Alfred Ward, Chairman
Shoshone Business Council
P.O. Box 217
Fort Washakie, Wyoming 82514
(307) 332-3523
(307) 332-3055 FAX

Ute:

Mr. Stewart Pike, Chairman
Uintah and Ouray Tribal Business Committee
P.O. Box 190
Fort Duchesne, UT 84026
(801) 722-5141
(801) 722-2374 FAX

APPENDIX III

SUMMARY OF CURRENT LOCATIONS OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS FROM FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER, COLORADO

All collections information has been entered into a Paradox data base file and can be queried by any of the fields listed below, as well as by the name of the installation and by MACOM. The data base will be delivered by the MCX to the U.S. Army Environmental Center upon completion of the U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project. Inquiries for additional information are welcome (MCX: 314-331-8865; U.S. Army Environmental Center NAGPRA Compliance Project: 410-671-1573). The data fields listed in the summary of collections contain the following information:

REPOSITORY:	The current location in which the collection is stored, as of the date of this report.
REPOSITORY POC:	The person contacted by the MCX, or the person to whom inquiries regarding the collection should be addressed.
TELEPHONE:	The telephone number for the repository POC.
COLLECTION ID:	The identifying unit used by the repository to store and/or locate the collection. This can be a unique accession number assigned by the repository, the archaeological site number or project name, the name of the collector of the collection, or another number or name assigned by the repository.
SITE NUMBERS:	The official site number or name only for those sites from which materials were collected. An investigator may have performed work at additional sites but did not collect any materials. Those site numbers are not included in this field.
FIELDWORK DATES:	The date(s) during which the investigation(s) occurred. This information is provided to differentiate between projects that may have investigated the same site repeatedly.

EXCAVATOR/COLLECTOR:	The individual and/or organization that conducted the investigation.
COLLECTION SIZE:	The volume or number of objects in a collection, estimated by the repository POC or from project reports.
DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS:	General material classes of the objects in the collection derived from data provided on site records, in references, and/or by the Repository POC.
ANTIQUITY/ARCH. PERIOD:	Chronological or cultural-historical designations recorded on site records or in references specific to the collection.
CULTURAL AFFILIATION:	This column contains only those ethnic identifications found in the site records or references specific to the collection. This field is left blank if no such information was recorded.
BASIS OF DETERMINATION:	Documents the source of the cultural affiliation information (e.g., site record, oral testimony, reference).
SECTION 5 MATERIALS:	Describes the number and kind of human skeletal remains and associated funerary objects in the collection, as indicated by the site records, references, repository management documents, or information from repository POC. If these materials are present or are suspected to be present, NAGPRA Section 5 requires a physical inventory of the materials.

Summary of Current Location of Archaeological Collections From: Fi

As of November 1995

Repository	Repository POC	Telephone	Collection ID	Site Numbers	Fieldwork Dates	Excavator/Collector
Henderson Museum University of Colorado, Boulder, CO	Rebecca Hutchins	(303) 492-8881		5AM626	Nov. 13, 1990	Powers Elevation

nary of Current Location of Archaeological Collections From: Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, Colorado [MEDCOM]

As of November 1995

Site Numbers	Fieldwork Dates	Excavator/Collector	Collection Size	Description of Materials	Antiquity/Archaeological Period	Cultur Affiliat
	Nov. 13, 1990	Powers Elevation	2 Artifacts	1 Projectile Point Fragment, 1 Military Button	Prehistoric; Historic	

Description of Materials	Antiquity/Archaeological Period	Cultural Affiliation	Basis of Determination	Section 5 Materials
Projectile Point Fragment, 1 Military tton	Prehistoric; Historic			No

APPENDIX IV

MCX LIST OF REFERENCES

In addition to the references reviewed by MCX personnel at the archaeological site information center, every attempt was made to obtain references cited but not on file. Information taken from these references was coded for data relating to collections made from sites located on installation property (see attached sample of PD-C Bibliographic Data Sheet form) and entered into a data base for ease of manipulation.

Report titles were drawn directly from the title page of reports, and consist of the following fields:

FIELD	DATA ENTERED
Subject Property	Army Installation name
Last Name	Primary author's last name
First Name	Primary author's first name
Middle Initial	Primary author's middle initial
Secondary Authors	Names of secondary authors, <i>or</i> in instances where the author is a company rather than an individual, the company name is listed here
Title	Title of the reference. For letter reports, the person or agency to whom the correspondence is addressed is listed as the title.
Series	If the report is part of a publication series, the name and number are provided here.
Date	Date of publication or submission
Length	Report length in pages
Contract Number	Contract number and delivery order number, if applicable

The data for the next three fields are drawn directly from the report title page and reflect the hierarchy of contracting agencies involved in accomplishing the work. In some cases, the sponsoring agency is listed as the Army installation; in others, the intermediary contracting agent, (e.g., the Army Corps of Engineers or the National Park Service) is listed as the Sponsoring Agency.

Sponsoring Agency	Agency for which the report was prepared
Contractor	The agent contracted to perform the work
Subcontractor	The agent subcontracted to perform the work

The majority of the citations for archaeological investigations on Army land refer to unpublished reports prepared under contract with federal agencies, consequently the MCX printout was designed to address these reports. In instances where the author is a company rather than an individual, the company name is listed in the Secondary Authors field (due to the length of the field). For published references, the publisher is listed in the Sponsoring Agency field.

Page ____ of ____

Fieldwork
Page ____ of ____

NADB No.

PD-C Collection No.

PD-C Bibliography Data Sheet

Date: _____

Information obtained by: _____

PD-C Project:

Subject Property:

Repository (name and location):

Record Collection Name/Number:

Report Date and Length (in pages):

Author(s):

Title:

Contractor/Address or Publisher/Address (city, state):

Subcontractor/Address (city, state):

Report Series and Number:

Contract/Purchase Order Number(s):

Sponsoring Agency/Address:

Project Name and Location:

Principal Investigator(s)/Director(s):

Fieldwork Dates:

Type of Investigation (e.g., survey, testing, mitigation):

PD-C Bibliography Data Sheet (continued)

Site Numbers:

Archaeological Period (e.g., Hohokam, Mississippian):

Material Classes (range):

Artifact Collections and Locations:

Approximate Size of Collections (e.g., number of objects):

Record Collections and Locations:

NAGPRA Materials (Check if present)

Human Skeletal Remains _____

Objects

Associated Funerary _____

Unassociated Funerary _____

Sacred _____

Cultural Patrimony _____

Human Skeletal Remains Data Sheet ☐
Number of Attached Sheets _____

Object Data Sheet ☐
Number of Attached Sheets _____

Cultural Affiliation(s):

Basis for Affiliation Determination (e.g., geographic location, burial practices):

Comments:

MCX List of References for Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, Colorado [MEDCOM] as of November 1995

Subject property : Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, CO

Last name : Simmons

First name : R. Laurie

Middle Initial :

Secondary Authors :

Title : Cultural Resources Study Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, Aurora, Colorado.

Series :

Date : 08/15/91

Length : 130

Contract Number : DACA45-89-D-0163

Sponsoring Agency : US Army Corps of Engineers-Omaha District

Contractor : Higginbotham/Briggs and Associates, P.C.

Subcontractor : Front Range Research Associates

Subject property : Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, CO

Last name : Tate

First name : Marcia

Middle Initial : J.

Secondary Authors :

Title : Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, Cultural Resources Inventory, Adams County, Colorado.

Series :

Date : 01/08/91

Length :

Contract Number :

Sponsoring Agency : United States Army

Contractor : Front Range Research Associates

Subcontractor : Powers Elevation Co., Inc., Archaeology Department

Subject property : Fitzsimons Army Medical Center, CO

Last name : Tate

First name : Marcia

Middle Initial : J.

Secondary Authors :

Title : Historic American Building Survey Fitzsimons Army Medical Center/Fitzsimons General Hospital.

Series :

Date : 04/14/87

Length : 9

Contract Number :

Sponsoring Agency : US Army Corps of Engineers-Omaha District

Contractor : Greenhorne and O'Mara Inc.

Subcontractor :